WAKE UP!

-SHUT DOWN THE- WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM

sept 11-13
crown
casino
melbourne

www.s11.org

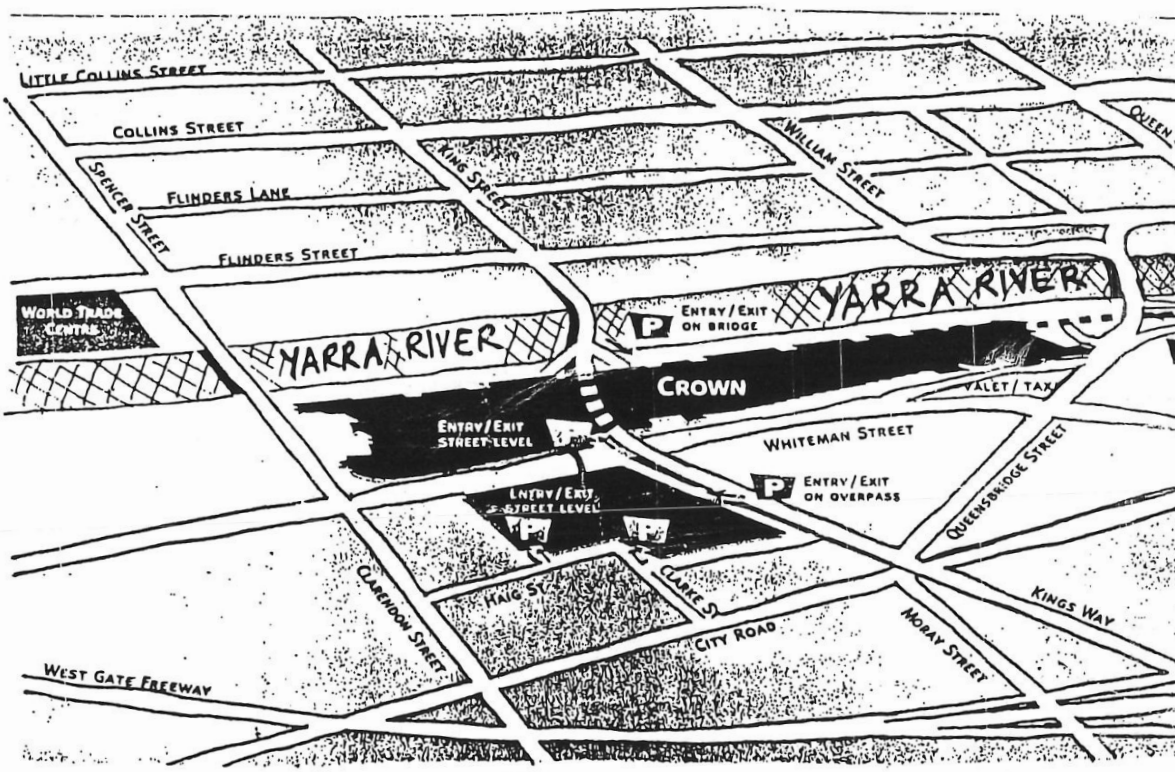
NO OLYMPIC POLICE STATE

sept 15 protest, 4pm
bicentennial park, homebush bay

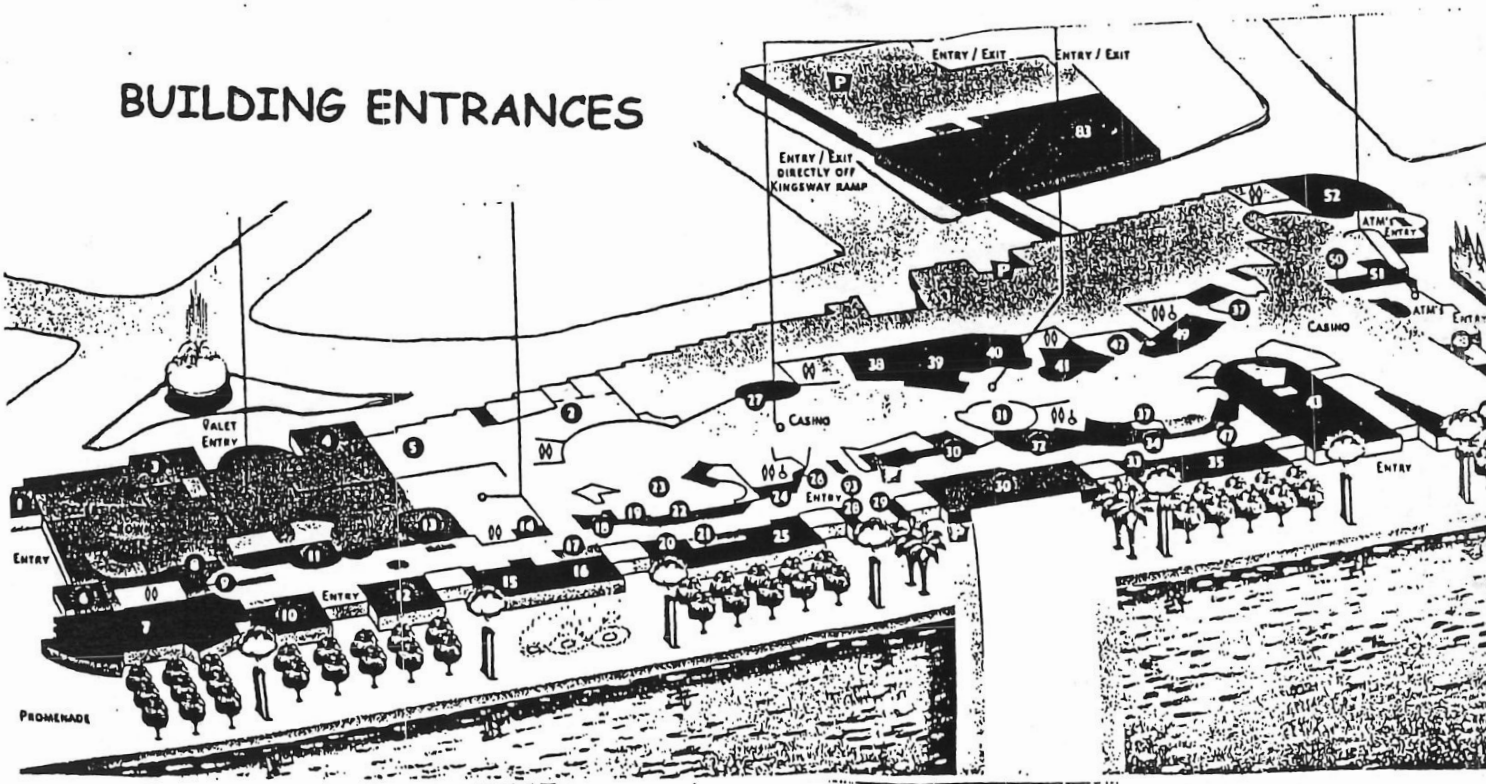
Melbourne™ has many great drawcards, but Crown Casino© in September© is *the* absolute must. If gambling is (or isn't) your cup of tea™ come on down on September© 11. A gambling extravaganza will be going down and YOU ARE OFFICIALLY™ INVITED™! The stakes will be high... you will gasp hopelessly for clean air as the World© Economic Forum© throws the dice of exploitation©, death© and profit©.*

(*Subjected to change. No refunds will be given by the organisers of the World© Economic Forum© or Crown Casino© if cancelation is caused by Direct Action.™)

STREET MAP



BUILDING ENTRANCES



Debriefing For Activists

Debriefing is an important and sometimes necessary process for any activists, peacekeepers, victims, helpers or witnesses to any potentially traumatic or critical incidents. It is a normal and commonplace practice which is designed to *intervene early in the negative effects of trauma*. Debriefing can be held as a group or individually.

Routine Direct Action Debriefing is a simple but important process that can help to reduce the high rates of stress and burn out amongst social change workers and activists. It should be held after each direct action that involves some degree of confrontation to ensure that each activist involved is feeling okay about their role and are not negatively affected by the events. Many activists at direct-actions face incidents such as arrests, personal abuse, gaol, witness distressing events such as environmental destruction and sometimes face physical danger and all would benefit greatly from a simple de-briefing process afterwards. All people react differently to potentially traumatic events so we need to be aware that whilst one person may not be greatly effected by simply being arrested, another person may be experience strong physical and emotional reactions. Organisers of any direct action should pre-plan a group de-briefing session at the earliest possible opportunity after an action as a standard part of the action planning. This works best if everybody at the action knows about and expects the de-briefing afterwards.

A **simple debriefing session** for a small group consists of a circle in which each person describes how the action was for them, what happened to them and how they felt at different points. The facilitator or De-briefer should actively listen throughout and ensure that each person feels heard by the group at the end of the session. Affirming people and that all reactions to the events were normal and common is also important. Further de-briefing can be arranged if necessary. At very large actions involving heaps of people, de-briefing can take place by forming numerous small groups to de-brief simultaneously or can at least be offered to anybody who feels that they would like it. Critical Incident Stress De-briefing is a more involved process however and is described below. Critical Incident Stress Debriefing can also be done individually or in a group and at the earliest possible opportunity after a traumatic incident occurs at an action or event.

A Pt'chang Information Handout

A **Critical Incident** is any situation which causes a person to experience unusually strong emotional reactions which may affect the person immediately or some time later.

Critical Incidents may include: serious accidents, injury or life threatening situations, witnessing or assisting in serious accidents or injury, attempted suicides or suicides, acts of violence, physical assault including violent arrests, sexual abuse or assault, personal, racial or homophobic abuse, threats or death threats.

Critical Incident Stress refers to stress which causes emotional and/or physical reactions to demands or pressures which are *sudden, unexpected* and due to a *specific incident* or *set of incidents.* It is a normal reaction to an abnormal event.

Myths about Critical Incident Stress include: *It's best to ignore it, not to think about it, pretend it hasn't happened, I have to be tough, men aren't as affected by critical incidents as women, talking about it will make it happen, I'll never be able to cope again, I have to keep it all together because of my role.*

The Ripple Effect: the effects of trauma are not only felt by 'primary victims' (people directly affected by or involved in a critical incident). People involved in any of the phases of an incident, for example, other activists in the group, first aiders, rescue workers, police, counsellors and any witnesses, friends and family, may be indirectly affected. Each of these groups of people may have reactions of varying intensities but the range of symptoms are common to all. Other people in the victims community or identity group may also be affected art a different level again. Such is the case with sexual violence or hate-motivated violence.

People tend to go through certain **stages** during and immediately after a critical incident:

- Shock: It couldn't have happened
- Disbelief/Denial: it's not real, it's a joke. It wasn't really that bad.
- Realisation: it has happened, this is real.
- Survival state: 'automatic pilot', allows people to survive the event without 'thinking'.

People respond differently to incidents due to the person's life experience, belief systems, coping mechanisms, age, role in the incident, state of mind at the time, current health, social support systems.

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CROWN TOWERS

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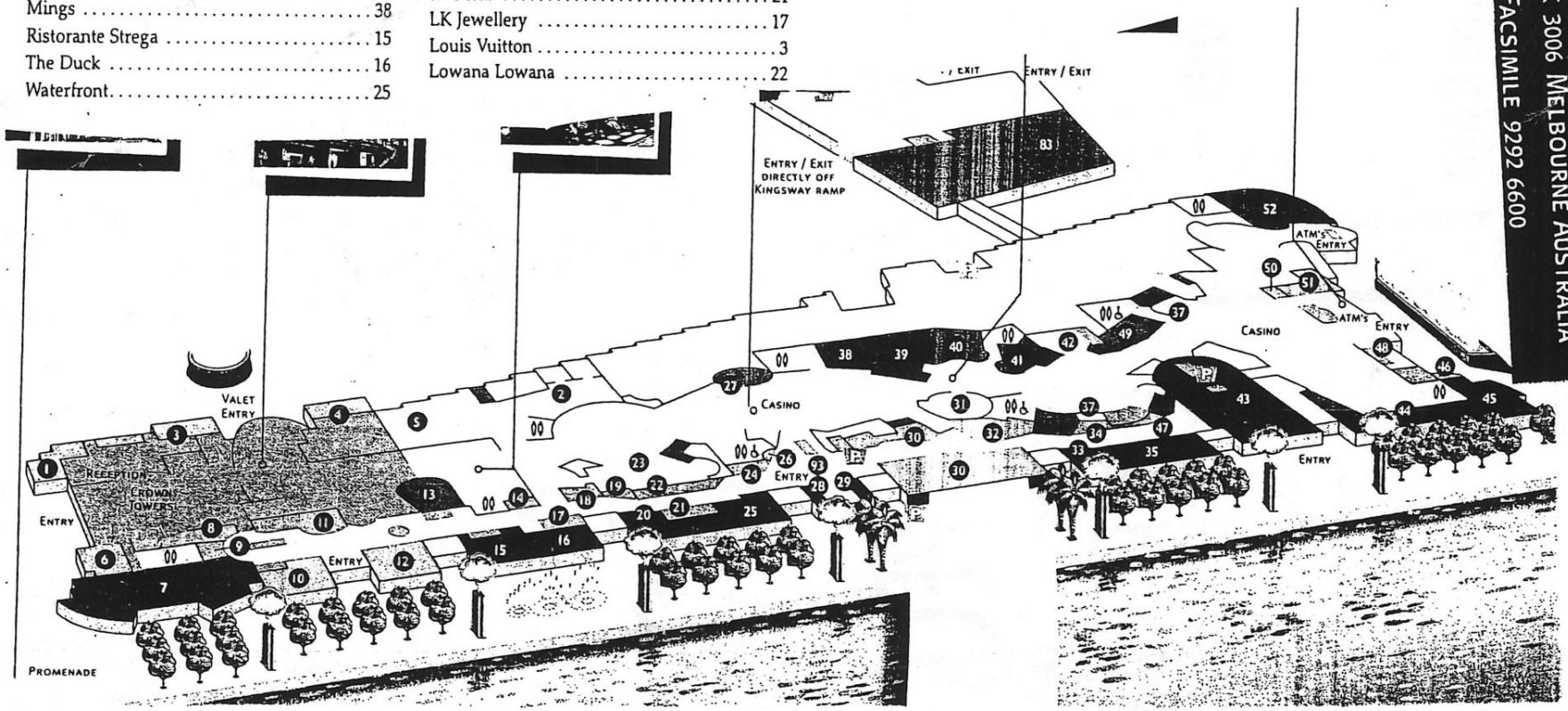

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STENCILS

A stencil can be very useful to the monkeywrencher for spray painting small slogans or logos in certain places—for example, an anti-cow message on the ubiquitous "open range" or "cattle guard" highway signs. Several groups made stencils that spelled "Watt" during his tenure as Secretary of the Interior and sprayed stop signs with them. "MX" stencils were also used in the Great Basin during the period that the racetrack deployment mode for ICBMs was being promoted there. In some Great Basin towns, every stop sign said "Stop MX."

Before making your stencil, visualize what you want to say (or the logo you want to use), where you want to paint your message, how large it should be, etc. Linoleum is probably the best material from which to make a stencil. You can buy linoleum in various thicknesses, lengths, and widths at building supply, hardware, or floor covering stores. Allow several inches of border around the cut-out message or logo on your piece of linoleum for sturdiness and to provide room to hold it so you won't spray paint your hands (or your partner's hands) while holding the stencil up to your target. (If you're using red paint, you can literally get caught red-handed this way!).

We've found that the soft, somewhat pliable 1/16 inch thick counter top material with an unbroken surface works the best. It's comparatively easy to cut, but substantial enough to lay flat against your target—which is important if you wish to leave a well-defined spray paint image. You want a vinyl or linoleum material that you can cut holes into with a utility knife and then hold up vertically against something without it dropping.

Cutting

On the rougher side of your material, sketch your message or logo with a pencil and ruler, compass, or protractor. Don't get too elaborate unless you want to spend more than a couple of hours cutting it out. Remember, any line that *encloses* a space will cause that space to fall out, leaving a hole in the stencil. Narrow "tabs" must be left for parts of certain letters and numbers (A, B, D, O, P, Q, R, 6, 8, and 9, for example). You can buy pre-made stencil letters to use as guides in making your stencil.

The cutting takes some concentration and time. With a good utility knife, carefully cut at a 90 degree angle along your lines firmly and gently. Start slowly. As you gain practice, the cutting will go much quicker and easier. A metal straight edge is useful for straight lines. Miscuts can be glued. With use, numerous layers of paint will help hold it all together, too.

THE ALTERNATIVE TO THE WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM~

THE PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE

SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 9th 2000

Registration from 8am
Start: 9am~5.30pm
VUT Conference Centre
300 Flinders Street
Melbourne

Sponsored by: Public First, Earthworker, South Movement & S11 Alliance.
For more information Ph: 9662 9688 or 0419 537 595 email: publicfirst@hotmail.com

Keynote speakers at the conference will be:
John Maitland~
National Secretary
Construction Forestry Mining & Energy Union
Bob Phelps~
Gene Ethics Network

Registration For Participation in the People's Conference

Name:_____

Address:_____

_____

Phone: _____

Fax:_____

Email_____

I would like to participate in the following workshops: (please number in order of preference)

- ☐ Labour & Trade Union Rights
- ☐ The Environment
- ☐ Social Security
- ☐ International Issues
- ☐ Alternative Economics
- ☐ Gene Ethics/GM Food
- ☐ Basic Minimum Income
- ☐ Health
- ☐ Education
- ☐ Democratic Rights
- ☐ Other

Registration fee $15 waged $8 unwaged

Tea & coffee provided

Send Registration & Cheque payable to: Public First P.O Box 2288 Fitzroy Vic. 3065 by 25.08.00

What is the World Economic Forum?

The world Economic Forum is the foremost private, global right wing think-tank, committed to driving "corporate globalisation", which is aimed at weakening working conditions, removing environmental protection and intensifying the transfer of wealth from the poor to the rich. Vast majority of these companies come from the USA, Western Europe and Japan.

Who are the members of the World Economic Forum?

Global Growth Company (GGC) members belong to a separate category of membership; these are the foremost multi-national companies in the world. This group, in practice, makes the Forum's decisions.

Other Forum constituents:
Forum constituents are members of the different clubs established to bring together individuals committed to weakening working conditions, removing environmental protection and intensifying the transfer of wealth from ordinary people to the rich.

Industry Governors: exclusive groups made up of the chief executives of the biggest multi-nationals in key industrial sectors.

Global Leaders for Tomorrow: some 600 men and women, under 45 years of age, who constitute the new generation of global profiteers.

Media Leaders: those with the most influence within the world's media groups, whose inclusion in the World Economic Forum's activities ensures that the activities of the Forum are reported in a favourable light even though half-truths and downright lies must be told to achieve this end.

Forum Fellows: so-called experts from political, economic, scientific, social and technological fields who are prepared to serve the rich in their quest for total power.

Public Figures: those elevated to key decision-making positions by governments and major international organisations because of their loyalty to the rich.

Cultural Leaders: some 100 people from the world of arts who support the rich's efforts to weaken working conditions, remove environmental protection and intensify the transfer of wealth from ordinary people to the rich.

In an effort to sell its message to ordinary people world wide, the World Economic Forum says of itself:

The World Economic Forum is an independent, impartial, not-for-profit Foundation which acts in the spirit of entrepreneurship in the global public interest to further economic growth and social progress.

The S11 Medical Team's General Advice for Protesters

The goal of the S11 Medical Team is to assist with the efforts to shut down the World Bank/IMF which is robbing our sisters and brothers worldwide of their ability to provide and receive health care, education, a living wage and other life essentials. The Medical Team will help you stay as active, healthy and engaged in the struggle as possible. We will provide free treatment to the best of our ability to anyone who requests it. We will offer 'straight' (allopathic) and 'complementary' (herbal, homeopathic, etc.) care.

The primary health care will take place in the protest zone by trained Street Medics, and you the protesters. The medics will facilitate assistance to anyone who desires it. The medics will be assigned to areas of action, affinity groups, and/or hot zones.

More intensive treatment will be provided in the vicinity of the protests.

Outside the protest zone, skilled health practitioners who can provide further assistance will care for people who need more intensive treatment than what is available in the field, or refer people to other health care -- i.e. hospital, adjunct therapy, etc..

You Need to Know:

If you are well prepared mentally and have essential supplies and knowledge, you will probably not need our medical assistance. Fear & confusion are the State's major weapon. Confidence, determination, preparation and awareness of your strength is your best weapon.

If you are going to be associated with the civil disobedience /direct-action at the World Economic Forum, the S11 Medical Team wants you and your affinity groups to learn simple preparations, and bring along essential supplies. This will help you avoid the worst effects of the POSSIBLE use of police violence and capsicum. They may use different tactics and weapons. Our advice is designed to help you remain in action for global justice, so be sure to read it and pass it around.

We will supply and train as many medics as possible. But you, the regular protesters are the primary health care providers.

You need to know about essential and optional supplies, clothes and gear to bring to the protest, and basic knowledge, prevention and treatment of effects from capsicum spray, and common injuries.

Each affinity group is asked to designate someone as their medical monitor. This person will be responsible for: making sure that the group has basic prevention/treatment supplies,

1. knowing basic prevention & first aid,
2. knowing how to access the S11 medical system,
3. making sure their comrades are treated and followed-up
4. documenting signs, symptoms and evaluation of treatment

Your group can benefit by selecting a person to attend a S11Medical Team *1st Aid* training prior to the action..

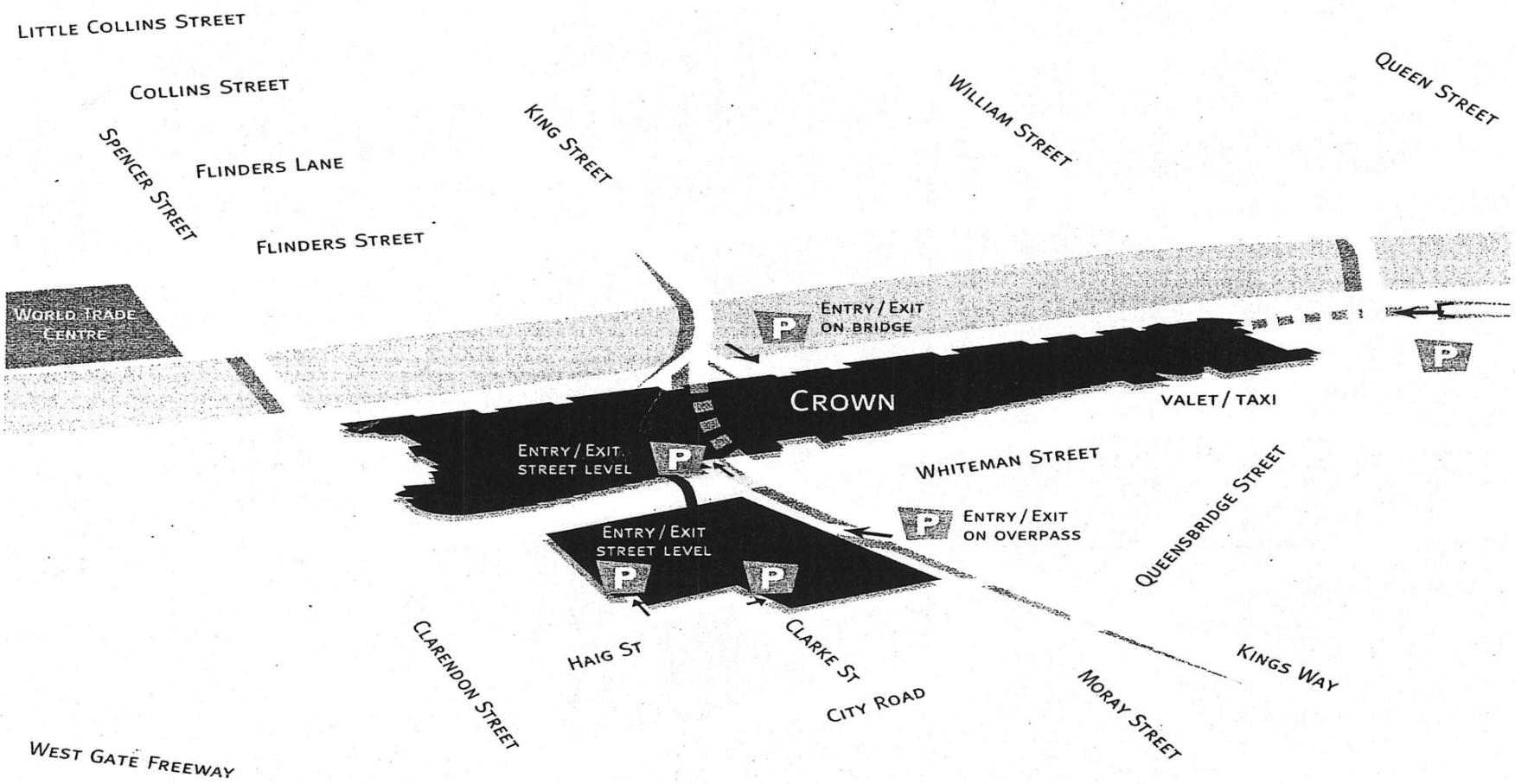
Information for Those With Health Conditions

- If you have any health condition that might pose serious health problems if your medication is interrupted (such as: retroviruses, psychiatric disorders, diabetes, hypertension), you should be aware that you may not have access to proper medication while you are in jail. A letter from a doctor may help. Three copies of the letter are needed, one for the legal team, one for the medical team (these will be kept completely confidential) and one for you.

- It should include the following information: your name, diagnosis, that you must have access at all times to your medication, a list of all medication, that you must be allowed to keep medication on your person so that they can be properly administered, and that no substitutions are acceptable.

:reet Stations are within walking distance.

ɔr more detailed information concerning your most direct public transport route to rown, call the Met Information Centre on 13 16 38 (between 7am and 9pm 7 days a week).



* Paper, pen, for notes, documentation, etc..
* Money for food, transportation & telephone
* The Medical Team needs LOTS of clean: clothes, towels, sheets & wipes/rags.

Recommended Extra JUMP KIT supplies for Affinity Groups:
* Castile soap -i.e. Dr. Bronners- wash with before demo, after chemical exposure
*2x2 & 4x4 bandages, menstrual pads (as bandages), Band-aids, tampons (for nose bleeds), skin tape, ace bandages
* Eye irrigation
* CPR masks
* Instant ice
* Emergen-C or other electrolyte mix
* Arnica 30x, 6c is better (homeopathic remedy for shock & trauma)
* Causticum and Cantharis 30x (homeopathic remedies for burns)
*Wound & skin ointments. Ching Wan Hung burn/abrasion ointment available in Asian Communities
* Emergency phone numbers, contact information
* Jar: non-breakable w lid, date/time/place-label, to take air/tear gas sample
* Camera (expendable) 400 ASA film, duct tape, marker
* 5 gal buckets - cover tear gas canisters

* The European Union's STOA An appraisal of technologies of political control website has an incredibly comprehensive list of references on chemical weapons and projectiles (e.g. rubber bullets) on p 79-98 of the report bibliography - just click "Riot Control Weapons" on webpage:
http://www.whispers.demon.nl/publications/stoa/stoa1jan1998biblio.html
The text of the STOA report contains a useful review of chemical weapons (p 11-12) and a more thorough discussion (p 32-36) in thechapter on Riot Control Weapons at the website at
http://www.whispers.demon.nl/publications/stoa/stoa1jan1998.html#5.

* Medical Management Of Chemical Casualties Handbook

http://ccc.apgea.army.mil/Documents/Red%20Handbook/001TitlePage.htm
Note chapters on "Incapacitating Agents" and "Riot-Control Agents"

* Chemical Casualty Care Division of the US Army MRIC - located at the Aberdeen Proving Grounds http://ccc.apgea.army.mil/

* Riot Control Agents at
http://www.fas.org/nuke/guide/usa/doctrine/dod/fm8-9/3ch7.htm

* The Virtual Navel Hospital at
http://www.vnh.org/HospitalCorpsman3&2/Chapter12/Chapter12.html

* "Health Hazards of Pepper Spray" by C. Gregory Smith, MD, MPH, andWoodhall Stopford, MD, MSPH (North Carolina Medical Journal) at
http://www.ncmedicaljournal.com/Smith-OK.htm

* "Chemical Cops" by Terry J. Allen, In These Times April 2, 2000 at
http://www.inthesetimes.com/allen2409.html

Recommended Supplies for Protestors

The ESSENTIALS:

* WATER: LOTS to drink and rinse off chemicals. Spray mister head or squirt head on bottle to help conserve water & minimize contamination.
* RESCUE REMEDY from Health Food store - 4 drops per quart of water.
* BANDANNAS SOAKED IN VINEGAR A gas mask semi-substitute. Keep them in a heavy duty ziplock bag
* ENERGY SNACKS in an easy swallowing liquid or semi-liquid form to keep you going.
* SHATTER RESISTANT EYE PROTECTION from plastic bullets. Prescription sports & shooting glasses are best.
* SEALED GOGGLES like swimmers (available in prescription). Protection from tear gas & pepper spray.
* FRESH SHIRT Sealed in plastic bag, to replace a chemically contaminated shirt.
* CLOTH, 4x4 GAUZE, etc. to clean off chemicals.
* PRESCRIPTION EYEGLASSES with STRAPS. Contoured eyeglass frames and goggles should fit inside gas mask, but most regular frames wont. Check out fit beforehand.
* CHANTS & ATTITUDE! i.e. "Ain't no power like the power of the people - cause the power of the people don't stop!"

DO NOT WEAR CONTACT LENSES!!! Trapped chemicals may cause eye damage.

DO NOT BRING/USE ON SKIN:
Vaseline, detergent soap, skin moisturizers, make up, because the chemicals bind with them - anything acidic will cause stronger reaction. Do not wear Vaseline, mineral oil for protection!!!

OPTIONAL Supplies / Clothing info:

*GAS MASK Preferably with shatter resistant lens & replaceable non-asbestos filters. M17A1 clones are good. Beware of police stealing them.
*CHEMICAL/GAS RESPIRATOR w filters for hazardous gases or paint stripper. Hardware or safety supply stores $15 - $40. They cover mouth and nose only. Use swim goggles too.
* CLOTHES:
o NO: earrings, piercings, necklaces, ties, ect. that can be grabbed. (A Simpsons' show had the police use a giant magnet to capture protesters by their piercing)!
o Dress for the weather: Average temperature: high 69, mean 55, low 46. Rain possible. Best to cover as much skin as possible.
o Expendable water repellent or synthetics that wont absorb chemicals (unlike water absorbing cotton), washed w castille soap (i.e. Dr. Bronners). Clinch/seal at wrists, ankles & neck.
o Windbreaker, light rain gear, also for changing color if you need to disappear.
o Non absorbent hair cover: plastic bags, swim or shower caps.
o Helmet, cup, jock, sports bra.
o Comfortable running shoes.
o Heavy duty glove to handle hot tear gas canisters.
o Replacement pants/shirt sealed in bag.
o Consider treating absorbable materials including back packs with water repellent.
* GLOVES disposable latex, vinyl, dishwashing. Extra bags.
* Vegetable Oil, Mineral Oil, Regular Dishwashing Detergent, Rubbing Alcohol (i.e. Isopropyl 70% Alcohol) for pepper spray decontamination. However, these are dangerous if used incorrectly. See Prevention & First Aid for Protesters

MACQUARIE UNI S11

AN S11 FUNRAISER

(what is) REASONABLE FORCE

V-Tek

Legokid

23 Aug WED

8PM · CLUB LOUNGE

$10 donation

proceeds go towards transport & accomodation costs, getting people to melbourne.

INFO:

WWW.S11.org

SHUTDOWN THE WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM

S11

SEPTEMBER 11 - 13

melbournecrown casino

Threat to jobs and working condition

The real rate of unemployment in Australia is is up to 20 per cent. Another large number of Australians can only find temporary or part-time work and these are estimated to make up about one third of the total workforce.

For those who do have a job, there is increased work pressure, loss of working conditions, including lowering of health and safety standards, longer hours and declining security of future employment.

Australia's closer integration into the globalised world of the corporations has been a significant factor in this.

The trend has been justified in terms of "world's best practice" and "international competitiveness." Corporations are exerting tremendous pressure on governments to go further along this road. We are told that is the way to create more jobs.

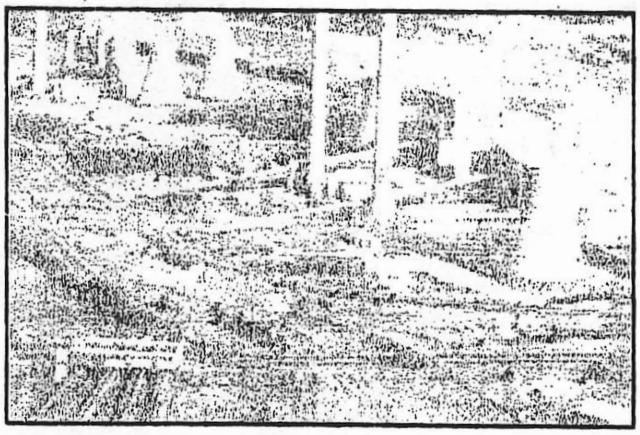
We just have to ask, what has happened last 10 years?

The situation has gone backwards. The market is shrinking because people have less to spend and can only maintain their way of life by going further into debt.

How long can we go on like this?

Economic development is not just about more output and money. It is about improving the total quality and of life for all members of society

Environment protection downgraded



Because measures to protect the environment are seen by the corporate world as costs and a drain on profit, pressure is applied to do away with existing safeguards. Indeed, any attempt to add new protection measures is fought against tooth and nail.

Consider unregulated land clearance, pollution of rivers and air and efforts to dump toxic wastes near populated areas.

We should be very worried about any further relaxation.

Imagine what will happen if the polluters are allowed a free hand to get their wish.

Direct opposition is used against opponents of environmental damage.

Further liberalisation of capital and trade flows will have the same effect by outlawing environmental safeguards as discriminatory to business.

The truth is more safeguards are needed, not less.

Attack on Aboriginal rights

Aboriginal people have been fighting for their rights since white settlement. Most Australians are on their side.

The main force against Aboriginal rights are mining and pastoral companies which seek to extinguish land rights, in order to take up disputed territory as as their own private asset.

Shifting to a global economy, dominated by the biggest corporations, will make it that much harder to enhance Aboriginal land and other rights, for these measures will be deemed as a barrier to competition and business interests.

That Aborigines are compelled to live in Australia in Third World conditions, with high mortality rates and the almost non-existence of the many services which rest of us take for granted, is a disgrace.

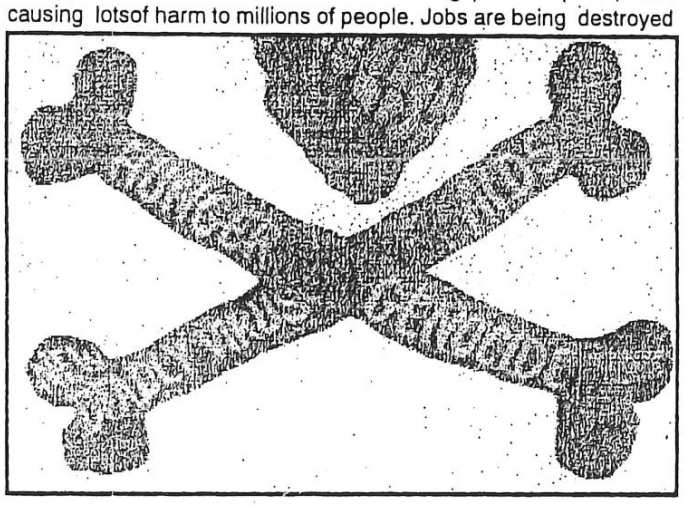
As a nation, we must act to right these wrongs.

Opposition to the action of the WEF in Melbourne takes the form a loose alliance of organisations and individuals concerned about the anti-people process of globalisation which is enmeshing Australia. We do not accept that it is inevitable. We can make decisions about our future and carry them out. Those associated with the this broad alliance are also opposed to the Asian Pacific Regional summit of the World Economic Forum in Melbourne.

We seek to encourage all movements, organisations and individuals who agree with us to carry out their own independent activities, as well as working together wherever possible.

Growing poverty for most

No matter how often we are told about Australia's booming economy, it still remains that too many people are worse off than before. Deregulation of capital flowing into and out of Australia and the type of trade liberalisation that is being put into place, are causing lotsof harm to millions of people. Jobs are being destroyed and community values are being eroded.



These policies are connected to the ongoing cut backs in government service provision and privatisation of public assets.

We don't need a free for all for the richest. We need regulation and planning to develop a sound and balanced economy, one in which the majority, share in the benefits.

But multinationals have moved in, are taking monopoly control and are transforming the economy to suit only themselves. As a result the very rich get richer and everyone else pays the price.

All around the world we see the same thing.Monopoly control of products, finance and markets, this is the real face of globalisation. It is what drives the push to further knock down barriers, to further open the doors to the free flow of capital and trade.

It is not only affecting jobs and living standards for wage earners. This situation impacts on smaller businesses, which are going broke at a record rate. A steady stream of farmers find that they have little choice but to walk off their land; many country towns and regional centres are dying.

All this because big corporations are moving in to take over every aspect of life, to cut costs to the bone everywhere and to maximise their own profit at everyone else's expense.

We must put a stop to this.

Big business gets the advantage

Globalisation for corporate interests does not only carry economic threats. It takes control out of the hands of Australians and leaves governments as mere administrative arms for decisions which are made in the big boardrooms.

The multinationals and big banks choose their terms to invest in Australia.

If they don't get what they want, they go on an investment strike and pull their money out, regardless of how it might affect ordinary people.

They want to be able to do this without having to answer to anyone.

These corporations use their power to compel the government of the day to offer more and more concessions, otherwise they will pull out and invest in a country where the government complies.

As a result, countries are pushed into a race to the bottom, in terms of cheap labour, tax concessions and government handouts - poverty grows and nations are crippled by foreign debt.

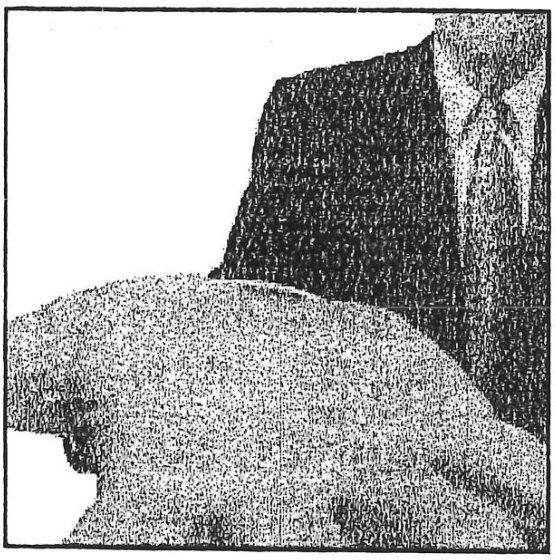
This is the result of economic relations between countries which are regulated by bodies controlled by the most powerful world powers.

What we need is regulation by the majority, for the majority.

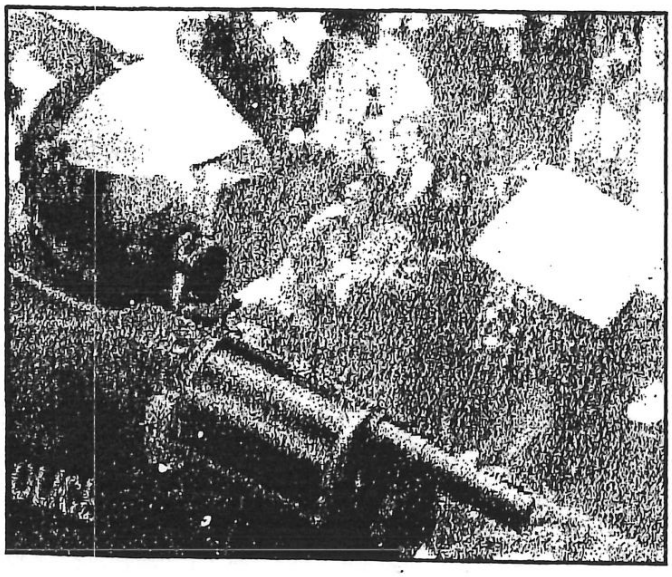
Too many of our politicians choose to play the game of betraying those who they claim to represent.

They show by what they do that the people should place little faith in them.

We have little choice but to do something ourselves.



Erosion of democratic rights



The new order is causing a gradual erosion of democratic rights.

A harsher economic regime requires harsher means to enforce the privilege of a few on the whole of society.

We have the right to a decent living, health, education and decent housing. We have the right to access to information collected about ourselves and information which affects our wellbeing.

We have a right to be free from the increasingly pervasive eye of big brother and the shift towards a more repressive form of policing and legal system.Australians have a right to to reject cuts to education of health and education, legal aid and other opportunities and the creation of a two separate class system in many of these areas; a private and well resourced one for the better off and a second rate government provided one for everyone else.

There should not be the current level of restriction of freedom of information provisions, commercial confidentiality blankets on government contracts and other dealings.

Greater recourse to using police force, pushing the law and order band wagon, sending more people to prison for minor offenses and even the introduction of mandatory sentencing in some parts of Australia are further restrictions on democratic rights.

FINGERPRINTS

The police have the right to demand that you give them your fingerprints. They have the right to use force if you refuse.

SEARCHES

Police do not have an automatic right to search you. However, they will usually do a "pat down search". Police can do a "strip search" if they have reasonable grounds. It should not be in public place and should be by an officer of the same sex as you. They can not touch you improperly or conduct an external or internal physical examination without a court order or your consent. Do not consent to this. See below.

FORENSIC SAMPLES

For police to obtain a forensic sample (blood sample, hair or pubic hair, genital or mouth swabs etc.) from you they require you consent or a court order. You should refuse all requests for forensic samples and ask to speak to your lawyer.

GETTING OUT OF CUSTODY

The police have two choices

1) They can release you without charging you. You may get a summons later.

Or

2) They can charge you and release you on bail

Ask to leave as soon as you have been processed at the police station. Keep asking until they let you go or until they ask you to sign a bail undertaking.

BAIL

Bail is an undertaking (a promise) by you that you will turn up at court on the day your charge is listed. The undertaking is a form which you have to sign before they'll let you go. The form has standard conditions printed on it, such as that you will go to court etc.

The police can add special conditions to the undertaking – for example, a promise by you that you will not return to the demonstration or picket line. You do not have to agree to the special conditions.

If the bail undertaking does <u>not</u> include special conditions – sign it and leave.

If the bail undertaking includes special conditions.

a) Tell the police you want to speak to your lawyer. Ask them to ring him/her and put you on the phone to speak to them.
b) If you don't want to agree to the special conditions, don't sign the bail form. You may be kept in the police cells for some time. After a while or in the morning, you will be taken to the Magistrates Court. Your lawyer can ask the Magistrate to drop the special conditions. There is a good chance the Magistrate will agree.
c) Or you can sign the form with the special conditions and the police will let you go. If you breach the conditions, it may be grounds for the police to re-arrest you.

For more information contact:
Damien Lawson 0418 140 387

There are proper times and places ... ~~times when monkeywrenching may be counterproductive.~~ We ... ~~generally should not act when there is a nonviolent civil disobedience action – e.g., a blockade – taking place against the opposed project~~. Monkeywrenching may cloud the issue of direct action, and the blockaders could be blamed for the ecotage and be put in danger from the work crew or police. ~~Blockades,~~

YOUR RIGHTS @ S11

ARE YOU BEING ARRESTED?

The police probably have the right to physically move you out of the way of vehicles etc. without arresting you and without charging you

If the police arrest you, they must tell you that you are under arrest and what the charge is.

Ask if you are being arrested. Ask what the charge is. Remember what they say.

NAME AND ADDRESS

The police have the right to ask for your name and address (whether you are under arrest or not). If you refuse to give your name and address, it is an offence and the police may refuse to release you on bail.

The police officer must tell you his/her name, rank and where they're stationed if you ask.

Ask them and remember what they say.

PHOTOGRAPHS

The police have no right to demand that you submit to being photographed. But just like anyone else they are entitled to try to take a photograph.

If you do not want them to take your photograph, you could cover your face with your hands, turn away, bend down, or move your head.

ANSWERING POLICE QUESTIONS

You have the right to refuse to answer police questions in all circumstances (except your name and address).

Tell them nothing (except your name and address). Say in answer to all questions – "I have done nothing wrong and I have nothing to say". Or "no comment".

There are no off the record conversations with police.

LEGAL ADVICE

You have the right to communicate with your lawyer before police question you.

Names and numbers of lawyers who will be on 24 hour call will be provided to you closer to the time of the S11 demonstrations.

Ask the police to ring your lawyer and put them on the phone so you can speak to them.

CONTACTING RELATIVES AND FRIENDS

Before police question you, you have the right to communicate with a relative or friend to tell them where you are.

Tell the police the name and phone number of a relative or friend you want to contact.

Ask the police to ring your relative or friend and put you on the phone so you can speak to them.

legal shite

The slogan hastily painted on a wall in full view of auto traffic on a busy thoroughfare, however, is the poor person's way of reaching a wider audience.

Your sloganeering operations should be as carefully planned and executed as any other type of clandestine endeavor (see the Security chapter). Do not spray paint walls belonging to private individuals since this will unjustly aggravate them. There are plenty of "public" walls to use as your "newspaper." (In certain cases, of course, you may want to spray paint walls belonging to particular individuals or corporations.)

Select a common brand of spray paint that can be purchased through any number of retail stores or large discount houses. Shop at different places—spread your business around! Look for the inexpensive plastic pistol-grip handles that can be mounted on any can of spray paint. These insure that the paint always sprays in the direction you want (not towards you!), even on the darkest night. A pouch worn on the belt is a good "hands-free" way of carrying it into the field.

If the target wall is in a busy location, the painter should be accompanied by at least one lookout. In quieter, or more rural locations, a painting team can consist of the painter and a driver, who will deliver her to the target area and retrieve her later (in five minutes, say). Rarely is it safe to just stop the car and go to work. A half-finished slogan and a fast retreating car can lead you into considerable trouble. A lot of novice sign painters suffer from the jitters and are responsible for the hasty, illegible scrawls you see on many walls. The person chosen for the job must have the presence of mind to do a neat job.

After a while, it will be easy for the police to recognize the "hand" of a single sloganeer. Vary the look of your work to make it appear that your slogan is being used by many people and represents a broad constituency. Switch from all capitals to all lower case, then to a blend of the two. Change painters randomly since everyone will do it a little differently. Change color now and then.

A planned program of controlled variation can give the appearance of several groups at work. One area may have slogans only in black, another in red or brown. One painter will slogan in one part of town, another in a different part. The slogans themselves can be changed and attributed to fictitious organizations.

Radio communications via portable and mobile CB units can greatly aid in coordinating sloganeering efforts.

After a while, the opposition will discover that industrial strength paint removers will remove paint even from porous cement block walls. Sloganeering again on the same target can be a good psychological warfare tactic, but risky.

Sloganeering is as dangerous as any other form of ecotage but should not be approached too timidly. Anyone can paint a few small slogans on out-of-the-way walls or signs. The opposition will take you far more seriously, though, if your choice of targets indicates competent boldness.

—Citizen Kane

FIELD NOTES

• Thompson's Water Seal spread over your spray-painted slogan may render it more resistant to industrial strength paint removers. Using it, of course, complicates and lengthens the job, thereby making it more dangerous.

• If you are an enemy of the throw-away society, here's how to bring your message to an appropriate audience:

Dumpsters make fine "billboards" for our message, requiring only paint and perhaps a stencil. Large disposal companies like Waste Management Inc. (WMI) and Browning Ferris Industries (BFI) have dumpsters all over. (WMI's are maroon; BFI's are blue.) Good slogans to put on these companies' dumpsters would advocate curbside recycling—"Your garbage is polluting my neighborhood! Demand recycling now!" and "It's time to try recycling!"

This dumpstering will help fight the mindless creation of more landfills and trash incinerators. Ninety percent of our waste is recyclable, and the rest (Styrofoam, etc.) shouldn't be produced in the first place. If you use this technique to fight a new landfill or incinerator, you may want to alert trustworthy local media to a dumpster painting party—wear Reagan masks to protect your identity!

Organizations like Greenpeace (202-462-1177) and Citizens Clearinghouse for Hazardous Waste (703-276-7070) have published excellent reports documenting the crimes of the waste hauling giants. WMI has been fined more money for environmental violations than any other company.

• Here's a way to do a big paint job in a hurry. Obtain an empty disposable freon tank from your friendly refrigerator serviceman. Have him pull a vacuum on it (remove all the air). Get a few feet of pressure hose to fit the tank valve, two hose clamps, and a schrader valve (tire valve).

Clamp the hose to the tank. Mix a gallon or two of your favorite paint color to a spraying consistency. Dip the end of the hose into the paint, open the valve, and the paint will be drawn into the tank. Clamp the schrader valve in the hose and go to a gas station for compressed air (sometimes tire stores and truck stops have better pressure).

When you get to the job site, remove the core from the schrader valve with a core remover tool. The schrader valve will act as a restriction and nozzle to give you reach and to break up the stream. Turn the jug upside down, open the valve and spray at will. Have fun.

stripper is spectacular. When sprayed on the finish of a car, the reaction is almost instantaneous—within 30 minutes, bare metal is exposed. ST-100 does not hold well on vertical surfaces: if applied to a door, wall, or sign, a very unsightly mess will be created quickly as the paint and paint stripper run down the surface. ST-100 is sold in most large automotive parts stores, particularly those which specialize in paint. One can (11 ounces) will cost about $4.

—Donatello

FIELD NOTE

Brake fluid will remove the paint on cars and trucks. It comes in handy squeeze bottles.

Etching Cream

Glass etching cream is a wonderful tool for monkeywrenchers. My favorite thing to do with it is to paint slogans and messages on windows and windshields. Unlike paint, etching stays until the glass is replaced. Sometimes, though, an etching cream bomb is better.

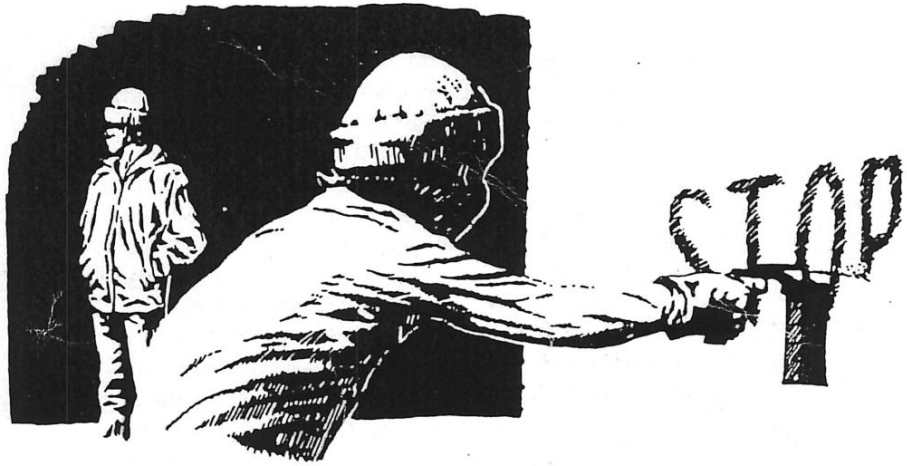
For an etching cream bomb, try an egg. Xmas tree ornaments won't work because the cream will etch away the ornament before you can throw it. Put a new blade in your x-acto knife. Score a circle about 1" - 1 1/2" diameter around the pointed end of the egg. After scoring deeply, make little holes around the scored circle. The end of the egg should then lift off easily. Dump out the egg (use it later) and rinse out the shell. Dry. Carefully spoon in the etching cream. Then lay a small piece of tissue paper on top. Melt some wax and paint it over the tissue and seal the edges down to the egg. Add another coat of wax after that one dries.

This can all be done without leaving fingerprints by wearing thin cotton jewelers gloves—available cheap by the dozen from jewelry supply companies like Rio Grande (1-800-545-6566).

Put the finished egg back in the carton for transport. When thrown with conviction, these little dudes leave a large and explosive design on the window of a fur dealer or other land and critter raper.

—Bob Wire

SPRAY PAINT SLOGANS



It has been said that the freedom of the press belongs to the man who owns one. In this day and age the press is owned by the corporations and access to it is limited by them to sanitized viewpoints. No city newspaper will present true alternative ideas of "no-growth" or biocentrism, or opinions questioning control by the corporations. Fortunately, a can of spray paint and a little boldness gives anyone a press release that can reach thousands of people.

The limitation of spray paint is that you must reduce complex ideas to a few simple words: a slogan. In your slogan, express a complete idea in two to four words. Make your best slogan your hallmark and use it often.

More complex messages may be your only way of being quoted in the media (which likely will be staunchly opposed to your illegal actions). Nonetheless, these longer spray painted messages are secondary to your main slogan.

The use of initials, such as the initials of a clandestine organization, can also convey a strong message of resistance. First, however, they must be presented repeatedly with the full name spelled out until people and the media begin to make the association. The single letter "V" (for Victory), for example, was used by the French Resistance during the Nazi occupation during World War II. It was quick and easy to paint (and therefore safer) and carried a complete message: "RESIST!"

Slogans and programs can be presented through flyers and small signs, but this requires secure access to printing or photocopying equipment, and will reach only a small audience. Bumper stickers are difficult to apply without leaving fingerprints (you must wear gloves *every time* you handle them) and are not easily manufactured.

of this will be in roadless areas! In most cases, the damaged acreage will be

of the thorny issue. Political lobbying by conservation groups to protect endangered wildlands will cease to be effective. And in half a decade, the saw, ted. The battle for tates will be more or is . . . .

are economically say that the concurrently roadless provide access is ce, the BLM, tim- rs to scratch out aintain the neces-

The cost of re- much for the bu- rganized, strate-

ups, to act hero- gears of the ma- s strategic mon- nt—effective in gas exploration, e use, trapping,

The next day you drive by and chuckle. But a word of warning: practice with this stuff first. It takes a while to get the right mixture. If it's not just right, it may simply smoke a lot. Remember, practice makes perfect.

—*the Head of Joaquin*

FIELD NOTES

• This delayed-action fire starter can be used for burning things other than billboards, too. Check the section on burning heavy machinery in the Vehicles and Heavy Equipment chapter.

• Practice and experimentation are essential with this technique. In some tests, the "starter" ignited not much over 30 seconds after mixing. Even such a short time might give someone a chance to get far enough away from the target to avoid being seen, however.

• The active ingredient of "HTH dry chlorinator" is calcium hypochlorite. Other brands containing this ingredient may work; test them first.

• SCORE hair gel and HTH (swimming pool cleaner) are better segregated in Zip Lock bags. You can use a small bag tie to keep them apart in transit. The bag won't tear like an envelope when mixing. The reaction is totally exothermic, so no air is necessary for the reaction to proceed. If the chemicals are cool, you have more escape time.

PAINT REMOVER

Previous editions of *Ecodefense* have given attention to the use of paint in monkeywrenching operations. However, not much has been said about paint removers. Here are some updates of products which must have been formulated with ecodefenders in mind.

1. 3M Corporation manufactures a water-based, non-caustic paint remover called "Safest Stripper." This marvelous product does not burn your skin or dissolve plastic (conventional petroleum-based paint removers do), yet is powerful enough to destroy the finish on a car.

One of the nice features of Safest Stripper is its ability to cling to vertical surfaces (doors, walls, signs). When applied, it looks like thick white pudding. Since it does not dissolve plastic, the standard paint delivery systems (plastic bags, balloons, jars) will work. When tossing paint stripper bags, put some muscle into your throw; the thick consistency of the stripper might act as a cushion, preventing breakage of the bag. After three hours, the coating looks as though it has dried and is no longer active. Don't let appearances fool you—Safest Stripper remains active up to 30 hours after application. When someone tries to remove the crusty white coating by scrubbing or scraping, the paint will come off and bare metal or other material will be exposed.

Safest Stripper is sold in most hardware stores for $15 to $18 per gallon. It's easy to find—it's the only paint stripper sold in plastic containers.

2. Dupli-Color (an automotive touch-up paint manufacturer) markets "ST-100 Paint Stripper," a petroleum-based paint remover sold in spray cans. This

clean up any excess so there is no evidence to alert a passing security guard or policeman before the glue has set. (Of course, remove the used paper towel from the scene and dispose of it safely.)

Tapered hardwood shims can also be jammed into the keyway and broken off. A small screwdriver can be used to force the wood farther into the lock. Properly executed this can accomplish the same basic mission as the adhesive/glue technique—necessitating the summoning of a locksmith to gain access. It does not cause permanent damage to the lock mechanism, however, as does the glue.

Lastly, make sure that *all* entrances are similarly jammed. This may seem obvious, but out-of-the-way entrances are often neglected.

—*Belle Starr*

FIELD NOTES

• Instead of worrying about hardwood shims for jamming locks, try flat toothpicks: Stick one about halfway into a lock, break it off, and jam it in with a piece of wire or another toothpick. Repeat several times until you can't fit any more in. This is as effective as hardwood shims; since the typical person will not be able to remove the toothpicks, a locksmith or pair of bolt cutters must be summoned.

• A very quick, efficient, and unobtrusive lock jammer can be made from a paper clip. Simply bend one prong of the paper clip out at a 90 degree angle with a little hook in the end. Insert the hooked end in the keyway channel and twist so the hooked end breaks off and remains in the keyway channel thus preventing a key from being inserted.

• Super glue is the best way to jam a lock, especially a cylinder lock. Toothpicks placed in the slot are usually pushed aside or can be retrieved with a small pick. After super glue is put in a lock, you cannot even hammer the key into the slot. It is fast and easy. Super glue must have some moisture in order for it to set. In areas of very low humidity, you need to merely blow into the slot first to make it damp enough in the lock for the glue to set. After super-gluing, the lock cannot be repaired.

• Lock jamming is effective for closing roads with locked gates or seasonally bolted barriers. Often, there are so many locks and keys for various gates (especially on checkerboarded public and private lands) that a logistical nightmare has been created. Government employees after driving two to three hours on a washboard dirt road only to find that they can't get a gate open are inclined to take the rest of the day off. One observer noticed them coming back three days in a row trying out different keys. Many locks are routinely left open out of convenience and laziness. Often this is concealed from prying eyes by the welded steel bell that protects the locks from ORVers, hunters, and other riff-raff. You can snap the lock shut and then jam it, or you can replace it with a different but similar lock. Many road closure barriers are just highway guardrails with heavy bolts and no locks. Whacking the bolt with length of silent, hollow pipe makes the nut impossible to remove without a cutting torch.

2) if you really do it wrong you blow yourself up. A wide variety of smoke bombs and grenades can be bought by mail with no record or legal hassles. The commercially-produced devices come in two basic types. The first type is designed to be ignited by lighting the fuse. The second type is designed to function like a hand grenade. The user pulls a pin and the device self-ignites several seconds later. These devices generate very large amounts of smoke (anywhere from 3,000 to 115,000 cubic feet), and will make smoke for up to ten minutes. These smoke bombs and grenades even come in a variety of smoke colors. White, gray, red, green, yellow, and violet are available. To give you an idea of the quality of smoke produced, burning crude oil has a TOP (Total Obscuring Power) rating of 200; some of these devices have a TOP of 2100.

How To Use Them

The most effective use of these devices is in booby traps and ambushes. Both of these uses allow the monkeywrencher to be safely away when the crap hits the fan. Examples: R.J. Hardhead calmly seats himself in the driver's seat of his dozer ready for another day of tree trashing. He is unaware of a fine piece of fishing line running from his dozer blade to the smoke grenade taped securely under the dozer. As R.J. starts up and lifts the blade, the grenade pin is pulled loose and the dozer and a very confused driver are swallowed in a large cloud of green smoke. After the smoke clears, he and his buddies waste even more time figuring out what happened.

A. Motorhead, ace cross-country motorbike racer, surges into the lead at the Annual Dirt Maniac Race. He doesn't notice the thin nylon line running from a firmly-planted stake to the pin on a smoke grenade taped to another stake a few yards away. As he and dozens of others yank the pins from these scattered grenades, clouds of multicolored smoke fill the air, forcing those behind them to stop short or risk kissing an unseen cactus or rock.

The smoke bombs with fuses can be used as in the first example but the fuse needs to be taped to a part of the machine which gets hot enough to ignite the fuse (exhaust pipe or manifold).

These devices aren't cheap but when used well they're worth a lot. Besides after you've gotten R.J. and his buddies paranoid, think what a beer can painted the color of your smoke bombs (and hooked-up to make them think it's real) will do. By the time they get the bomb squad out there to collect the evidence, they'll have wasted an hour or more. Then when they start up something else; POOF! goes the real one. Be creative. Rig the porta-john door. Use them for early warning devices on protests to slow the bad guys down and to let the protesters know where they are.

Keeping a couple of smoke grenades on hand to toss out the window while fleeing the scene of an act of ecotage is a good idea too.

The use of smoke bombs and grenades is a very easy and effective method of ecotage that poses little risk of injury to either man or machine. Other than causing panic and high blood pressure, the smoke does not hurt people. Care should be taken with these devices, though. There is no point in saving a forest from the bulldozer by accidentally burning it down. A number of available military handbooks detail the uses of these devices. Check your local military surplus shop or a paramilitary mail order store for copies.

—Mooncrow

Information Sources:

Bill More Publications, PO Box 1600, Cottonwood, AZ 86326
Paladin Press, PO Box 1307, Boulder, CO 80306

Smoke Device Sources:

Superior Signal Co., Inc., PO Box 96, Spotswood, NJ 08884
Yankee Manufacturing Co., 59 Chase St., Beverly, MA 01915
Aztec National Inc., Suite 341, Jimmy Carter Blvd., Norcross, GA 30093
Phoenix Systems, Inc., PO Box 3339, Evergreen, CO 80439

FIELD NOTES

* As always, be extremely careful when mail ordering anything used for monkeywrenching. Leave no paper trail.

* All fur shops are equipped with smoke detectors and sprinkler systems. A smoke bomb set off in a fur shop will set off the sprinklers and cause expensive damage.

JAMMING LOCKS

One extremely effective means of hassling all sorts of villains is jamming the locks to their places of business or to their machines of destruction. Calculate the number of hours between your hit and the time when employees will first attempt to gain access to the building or equipment. Select almost any hard-drying glue or adhesive that will set-up within this time. The "liquid metals" are very good for this. Before the operation, cut or drill a hole in the screw cap of the glue tube so that the contents will come out in a stream thin enough to enter the lock's keyway. Cover this hole with a piece of tape until you are ready to use the glue.

Conduct the usual scouting of the target, establish a plan and prepare all your equipment in the standard manner to assure that no fingerprints, fibers, or other evidence are inadvertently left at the scene. The drop and pickup method of delivery is usually the safest. (See the chapter on Security.)

Clothing worn should blend in with the locality and season of year. Gloves can be rather conspicuous in warm weather, so get some of the thin, tight-fitting surgical-type gloves used in hospitals and some food service establishments. At night they pass for flesh even at short distances (for white folks). If you are working in daylight, you may want to coat your fingertips with clear fingernail polish to avoid leaving fingerprints. If so, carry fingernail polish remover.

When actually jamming the lock, stand close enough to avoid ready observation by passersby. Force as much glue into the lock through the keyhole as you can, but don't smear it on the padlock or door knob. Carry a paper towel to

mining, dam building, powerline construction, off-road-vehicle use, trapping,

In most cases, the damaged acreage will be

A movement based on the above principles could protect millions of acres of wilderness more stringently than could any congressional act, could insure the propagation of the Grizzly and other threatened life forms better than could an army of game wardens, and could lead to the retreat of industrial civilization from large areas of forest, mountain, desert, prairie, seashore, swamp, tundra, and woodland that are better suited to the maintenance of native diversity than to the production of raw materials for overconsumptive technological human society.

If logging firms know that a timber sale is spiked, they won't bid on the timber. If a Forest Supervisor knows that a road will be continually destroyed, he won't try to build it. If seismographers know that they will be constantly harassed in an area, they won't go there. If ORVers know that they'll get flat tires miles from nowhere, they won't drive in such areas.

John Muir said that if it ever came to a war between the races, he would side with the bears. That day has arrived.

STINK BOMBS

Stink bombs have numerous applications for the ecodefender. These can range from the introduction of a foul odor into a corporate board meeting during a daring daylight raid, to the introduction of more insidious and lingering substances into offices via small holes in windows during nocturnal operations.

Among the chemicals with potential for stink bombs are the following, which can be obtained from school laboratories and over-the-counter chemical supply houses:

- Carbon disulfide
- Hydrogen sulfide (smells like rotten eggs)
- Skatole (feces smell)
- Ethyl amine (fishy smell)
- Proprionic acid (sweat-like smell)

Butyric acid will make a remarkably effective stink bomb. This is a weak acid (not dangerous) with an incredibly powerful stench. It smells like vomit and thus is particularly appropriate for expressing opinions about land rapers. Only a very small amount is needed—2 drops will befoul a room. An ounce will perfume a building. The odor is resistant to cleaning and lasts for weeks.

Because of its power, delivery can be a bit of a problem. A medicine dropper can be used, but I use a hypodermic needle and syringe. This allows small amounts to be delivered into areas difficult to enter (through the rubber seal around a truck window, under an office door, etc.). This also keeps the liquid off your hands—important, not only because it is incriminating but because it will dramatically hurt your social life. The best solution for spills on clothes is disposal.

The main problem with butyric acid is acquisition. It is used in some tanning processes, manufacture of lacquers, and organic syntheses. It can be purchased through industrial chemical suppliers or scientific supply houses. It is not a controlled substance—no police records are kept. It commonly is stocked by college chemistry stockrooms and some high school chemistry classes. Collaboration with an instructor or graduate student at your local college chemistry department might enable you to get some. You don't need much—the stuff is so powerful that a quart is a long-lasting supply for even the most ardent enthusiast.

Butyl mercaptan makes an effective stink bomb. This chemical is used to make natural gas odorous so that a leak can be discovered, and in higher concentrations has the odor of skunk. It comes from chemical supply houses. If opened, it needs to be resealed with a gas flame. A small

container, broken in the ventilating system of a building, will evacuate the place. But it will not stay long, and will soon be flushed out without harming anyone. *Hatpin*, a self-defense catalog for women (Hatpin, PO Box 6144, Santa Fe, NM 87502) sells "Repulse," a small glass vial of butyl mercaptan and a second vial of "neutralizer."

Pet and veterinary supply houses (check the yellow pages or the ads in national dog magazines) sell "animal trail scents" and "breaking scents." These often foul-smelling liquids are used to train hunting dogs. Sporting goods stores often sell skunk sprays in small aerosol cans, used by hunters to mask their scent in the field.

Also, don't neglect to visit the stores found in most large cities that specialize in novelties, jokes, magic tricks, and the like (look in the yellow pages under "novelties" or "costumes"). Here look for "gags" like "Fart Spray," a wonderfully obnoxious 4-oz. aerosol. Read the labels closely, though. Some of these aerosol sprays are just room fresheners with funny labels. The truly foul-smelling ones usually say so on the label. Some of these gems are available through mail-order houses like Funny Side Up, 425 Stump Rd., North Wales, PA 19454. As in any inquiry or order to a mail-order house, use all security precautions. It is not inconceivable that some mail-order addresses given in *Ecodefense* are fronts for law enforcement agencies hoping to ensnare monkeywrenchers.

—*Mr. Wizard*

FIELD NOTES

* Most laboratory grade butyric acid can be diluted with tap water by five or ten to one, stretching its use without diluting it overmuch.

* Feed and tack stores and home improvement centers sell a useful fly trap. The bait is a small bottle of putrid concentrate (sexual attractant and rotting meat) that sells for less than $3 at discount stores and up to $6 at feed stores. This stuff stinks like hell and draws flies like crazy.

* Jewelers use a compound called liver of sulfur to make silver turn black. It stinks like the worst fart ever expelled and is activated by dropping a small quantity into a glass of water. It is available at jewelry/metal working craft supply houses. Use it in large doses to clear the offices of your favorite bureaucrats.

* Besides butyric acid, caproic, capryllic, and caproanic acid all smell like goat. One standout in the field is n-butyraldehyde, a sublime melange of vomit, goat, sweat socks, babyshit, and bilgewater. As long as we're ruining backhoes and earth movers, why not try n-butyraldehyde there? In the engine block of a Caterpillar (or an executive limo or Lear jet) it does not go away. A drop or two of this stuff will last for six months or more. Almost no one would be willing to drive a machine which smelled like n-b, and the resale value is nought. Isovaleric acid is even more revolting than n-b.

Stink Grenade

This device is an adaptation of an aerosol spray can, making it usable as a "grenade," which can be thrown and will discharge its contents while the monkeywrencher escapes the premises. It can be used effectively with such commercially-available aerosols as hunters' masking skunk sprays and novelty "fart" sprays. The mechanism is basic and highly adaptable. (The design illustrated is approximate, since size and shape of cans will vary.)

As a safety precaution, wipe all parts free of fingerprints BEFORE beginning assembly. Wear rubber gloves while assembling. When putting the mechanism together, wear safety glasses or goggles to protect your eyes from accidental spraying.

To change an aerosol spray can into a grenade, first remove the spray nozzle head (a) and with the aid of a C-clamp, glue it to a short (3/4 inch to 1 inch) length of 1/2 in. diameter wooden dowel (b) and a large, wide rubber band (c). The common cyanoacrylate "super glues" are ideal.

After a day's drying time, stretch the rubber band around the aerosol can and glue securely to *both* sides of the can (d). If necessary, the rubber band can be cut and the C-clamp used to hold it in place for gluing. The idea is to have a lot of tension on the rubber band when the spray nozzle head (a) is reinstalled.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS NONVIOLENT

Monkeywrenching is nonviolent resistance to the destruction of natural diversity and wilderness. It is never directed against human beings or other forms of life. It is aimed at inanimate machines and tools that are destroying life. Care is always taken to minimize any possible threat to people, including the monkeywrenchers themselves.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS NOT ORGANIZED

There should be no central direction or organization to monkeywrenching. Any type of network would invite infiltration, agents provocateurs, and repression. It is truly individual action. Because of this, communication among monkeywrenchers is difficult and dangerous. Anonymous discussion through this book and its future editions seems to be the safest avenue of communication to refine techniques, security procedures, and strategy.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS INDIVIDUAL

Monkeywrenching is done by individuals or very small groups of people who have known each other for years. Trust and a good working relationship are essential in such groups. The more people involved, the greater the dangers of infiltration or a loose mouth. Monkeywrenchers avoid working with people they haven't known for a long time, those who can't keep their mouths closed, and those with grandiose or violent ideas (they may be police agents or dangerous crackpots).

MONKEYWRENCHING IS TARGETED

Ecodefenders pick their targets. Mindless, erratic vandalism is counterproductive as well as unethical. Monkeywrenchers know that they do not stop a specific logging sale by destroying any piece of logging equipment they come across. They make sure it belongs to the real culprit. They ask themselves what is the most vulnerable point of a wilderness-destroying project, and strike there. Senseless vandalism leads to loss of popular sympathy.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS TIMELY

There are proper times and places for monkeywrenching. There are also times when monkeywrenching may be counterproductive. Monkeywrenchers generally should not act when there is a nonviolent civil disobedience action—e.g., a blockade—taking place against the opposed project. Monkeywrenching may cloud the issue of direct action, and the blockaders could be blamed for the ecotage and be put in danger from the work crew or police. Blockades and monkeywrenching usually do not mix. Monkeywrenching may also not be appropriate when delicate political negotiations are taking place for the protection of a certain area. There are, of course, exceptions to this rule. The Earth warrior always asks, Will monkeywrenching help or hinder the protection of this place?

MONKEYWRENCHING IS DISPERSED

Monkeywrenching is a widespread movement across the United States. Government agencies and wilderness despoilers from Maine to Hawaii know that their destruction of natural diversity may be resisted. Nationwide monkeywrenching will hasten overall industrial retreat from wild areas.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS DIVERSE

All kinds of people, in all kinds of situations, can be monkeywrenchers. Some pick a large area of wild country, declare it wilderness in their own minds, and resist any intrusion into it. Others specialize against logging or ORVs in a variety of areas. Certain monkeywrenchers may target a specific project, such as a giant powerline, a road under construction, or an oil operation. Some operate in their backyards, while others lie low at home and plan their ecotage a thousand miles away. Some are loners, and others operate in small groups. Even Republicans monkeywrench.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS FUN

Although it is serious and potentially dangerous, monkeywrenching is also fun. There is a rush of excitement, a sense of accomplishment, and unparalleled camaraderie from creeping about in the night resisting those "alien forces from Houston, Tokyo, Washington, DC, and the Pentagon." As Ed Abbey said, "Enjoy, shipmates, enjoy."

MONKEYWRENCHING IS NOT REVOLUTIONARY

Monkeywrenchers do not aim to overthrow any social, political, or economic system. Monkeywrenching is merely nonviolent self-defense of the wild. It is aimed at keeping industrial civilization out of natural areas and causing industry's retreat from areas that should be wild. It is not major industrial sabotage. Explosives, firearms, and other dangerous tools are usually avoided; they invite greater scrutiny from law enforcement agencies, repression, and loss of public support.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS SIMPLE

The simplest possible tool is used. The safest tactic is employed. Elaborate commando operations are generally avoided. The most effective means for stopping the destruction of the wild are often the simplest. There are times when more detailed and complicated operations are necessary. But the monkeywrencher asks, What is the simplest way to do this?

MONKEYWRENCHING IS DELIBERATE AND ETHICAL

Monkeywrenchers are very conscious of the gravity of what they do. They are deliberate about taking such a serious step. They are thoughtful, not cavalier. Monkeywrenchers—although nonviolent—are warriors. They are exposing themselves to possible arrest or injury. It is not a casual or flippant affair. They keep a pure heart and mind about it. They remember that they are engaged in the most moral of all actions: protecting life, defending Earth.

- Since your name must be on the document, you may want to hide it on your body as a sort of insurance policy--perhaps you won't need it and then could eat it and utilize solidarity tactics. We believe that revealing your name and cooperating with the jailers to ensure your health is more beneficial to all than having to deal with a serious medical problem. Better to cite out than pass out.

- Please make sure that your affinity group and the legal team is aware of your needs so they can help care and advocate for you.

- Carrying essential medications in their original prescription bottles with your name and the drug, dosage, etc. may help you get access to them in jail.

What you should know about Capsicum Spray

Who Should Avoid the Risk of Capsicum Spray:

- Those with asthma, respiratory problems or infections, pregnant women, women attempting to get pregnant, anyone ill or with a poor immune system, seizure disorders, eye infections, contact lens wearers, and children.

Capsicum Spray Concerns

- Since Capsicum spray is often sprayed at a close distance, the police may try to:
- Physically remove your goggles/ breathing protection.
- Spray between your face and your goggles/mask (which if your hands are locked down, makes them a trap for the chemical).

- Reaction to chemical exposure will be greater with the presence of some skin conditions such as acne or severe eczema.

- Contact Lens trap the irritating gases and chemical compounds underneath them and may increase the amount of damage and irritation. *GET PRESCRIPTION GLASSES NOW AND WARN OTHERS NOT TO WEAR CONTACT LENSES.*

- It can be hazardous. People have died from respiratory failure (no protesters that we are aware of)..

- Asthmatics should bring their Ventilin pump

What to do when you get gassed or Capsicum sprayed without a mask

The first and most important thing to remember is to relax! If you are well prepared mentally and have essential supplies and knowledge, you will probably not need our medical assistance. Fear & confusion are the State's major weapon. Confidence, determination, preparation and awareness of your strength is your best weapon.

FIRST, DO NO HARM.

Make sure you apply treatments within your ability and understanding level. Recognize your limits. Ask for or refer to someone more experienced when needed. Experienced health workers know that asking for help is often absolutely essential.

- Wipes may be clean cloth, gauze, 4x4s etc. .
- Water may have 4 drops per litre of homeopathic Rescue Remedy added.
- Normal Saline (0.9% sodium solution) may be substituted for water used for flushing eyes or cleaning wounds.

GENERAL TREATMENT FOR CAPSICUM SPRAY (OC) BEFORE

- Practice first aid treatments before the action on each other so:
- You get experienced before you need to do treatments during an intense situation.
- You know what the treatment feels like.
- All water for cleaning, rinsing and drinking can contain homeopathic Rescue Remedy,2-4 drops per litre.

- When your body heats up (from running or panicking, for example), the irritation may increase. Part of the reason is that your pours will open allowing more absorption of the chemicals.
- Make your way to a safe space with fresh air where unexposed folks can help you, or at least ensure your safety while you treat yourself.
- Face into the wind, open eyes, hold arms out and walk around to let fresh air decontaminate you. Take slow deep breaths of clean air.
- Don't touch your eyes or your face, as you may re-contaminate yourself.
- Blow your nose, spit out chemicals.
- · If there is wet Capsicum spray on skin, pad/sponge it up with cloth without spreading it around. If you move the oily chemical around the skin, you increase the area of painful skin.
- Before you assist or treat anyone, ask them for permission first! Then explain to them what you are going to do before you do it.
- Wear clean gloves (mutual protection from contamination) and eye protection, or you will end up unable to help and in need of treatment yourself - the blowback and splashing from administering some of the treatments can be wicked!
- · Best if cleaning solutions and water spill directly to ground so as to not contaminate clean skin, clothes or hair.
- Store contaminated wipes in a sealed bag.

AFTERWARDS

- Decontaminate with a cold shower (keeps pores closed preventing chemicals from entering skin).
- Exchange contaminated clothing for fresh.
- Be aware that entering into a room with contaminated cloths, hair & skin reeking of chemicals will contaminate the room.
- A contaminated room with carpets or textiles on furniture may reek for weeks.
- If possible, please change out of contaminated garments before entering enclosed spaces such as convergence and treatment areas.
- Place contaminated clothes in bag. Squeeze out air. Seal it so the gases will diffuse out more slowly. If you want the clothes back, mark bag with a name.

PREVENTION: Wash before with pH neutral soap. Cover up with water repellent clothes & gear. Don't wear contact lenses, make-up, moisturizers or vegetable/mineral oil-based cream. Don't use Vaseline or mineral oil as skin barrier. Use gas mask, respirators, sealed (swim) goggles, and/or vinegar or lemon juice-soaked bandanna over mouth/nose.

GENERAL TREATMENT: Stay calm & focused. You are strong. The discomfort is only temporary & will not damage you. Don't touch face or rub eyes. Get to fresh air, eyes open, arms out (if tear gas), breath slow & deep. Blow nose, spit out chemicals. Consider water to flush eyes & gargle. Water or Witch Hazel soaked gauze or cotton balls on closed eyes are soothing. After treatment, wash off with cold water & replace contaminated clothes. WIPES may be clean cloth, gauze, 4x4s etc. . WATER may have 4 drops per litre of Rescue Remedy added. NORMAL SALINE (0.9% sodium solution) may be substituted for rinsing, cleaning water.

The ESSENTIALS:

- CLOTHES
  - NO: earrings, piercings, necklaces, ties etc.
  - Dress for the weather: Average temperature, highs of 25+, lows of 10-, Sudden squally rain possible. Best to cover as much skin as possible
  - Expendable water repellent or synthetics the won't absorb chemicals (unlike water absorbing cotton) washed with neutral soap
  - Clinch/seal at wrists ankles and neck
  - Windcheater, light rain gear (also good for changing colour if you need to disappear.
  - Non absorbent hair cover: plastic bag, swim or shower cap
  - Helmet, cricket box, sports bra
  - Comfortable runners, boots.
  - Replacement pants/shirt sealed in bag, to replace chemically contaminated clothing
- **WATER:** LOTS to drink and rinse off chemicals. Spray mister head or squirt head on bottle to help conserve water & minimize contamination.
- **RESCUE REMEDY** from Health Food store - 4 drops per litre of water.
- **BANDANNAS SOAKED IN VINEGAR** * A gas mask semi-substitute. Keep them in a heavy duty ziplock bag
- **ENERGY SNACKS** in an easy swallowing liquid or semi-liquid form to keep you going.
- **SEALED GOGGLES** like swimmers (available in prescription).Protection from Capsicum spray.
- **GLOVES** disposable latex, vinyl, dishwashing. Extra bags.

- CLOTH, 4x4 GAUZE, etc. to clean off chemicals.
- Castor Oil, , Regular Dishwashing Detergent, Alcohol Swabs, Rubbing Alcohol (i.e. Isopropyl 70% Alcohol) for Capsicum spray decontamination. However, these are dangerous if used incorrectly. See "*Prevention & First Aid for Protesters* " (article available soon).
- DAY PACK/SATCHEL either that or you got some mighty big pockets
- CHANTS & ATTITUDE!

DO NOT WEAR CONTACT LENSES!!!
Trapped chemicals may cause eye damage.

DO NOT BRING/USE ON SKIN:
Vaseline, detergent soap, skin moisturizers, make up, sunblock, UV cream, because the chemicals bind with them - anything acidic will cause stronger reaction. Do not wear Vaseline, or castor oil for protection!!!

OPTIONAL Supplies / Clothing info:

- GAS MASK Preferably with shatter resistant lens & replaceable non-asbestos filters. M17A1 clones are good. Beware of police stealing them.
- CHEMICAL/GAS RESPIRATOR w/ filters for hazardous gases or paint stripper. Hardware or safety supply stores $40 -70 They cover mouth and nose only. Use swim goggles as well.
- Disposable camera
- Paper, pens, for notes, documentation
- Money for food, transportation & telephone
- Emergancy Phone numbers: Legal Aid, friends and relatives
- Mobile phone, 2 way radio, Walkthing set to S11 FM (tba)
- Sleeping mat
- Sleeping bag
- Tarp, sheet of plastic, Igloo tent
- Bike, rollerblades, skate board
- Flexible knee pads for kneeling on pavement for protracted periods of time.

MONKEYWRENCHING IS INDIVIDUAL

~~Monkeywrenching is done by individuals or very small groups of people who have known each other for years. Trust and a good working relationship are essential in such~~

Truth about WTO toxics

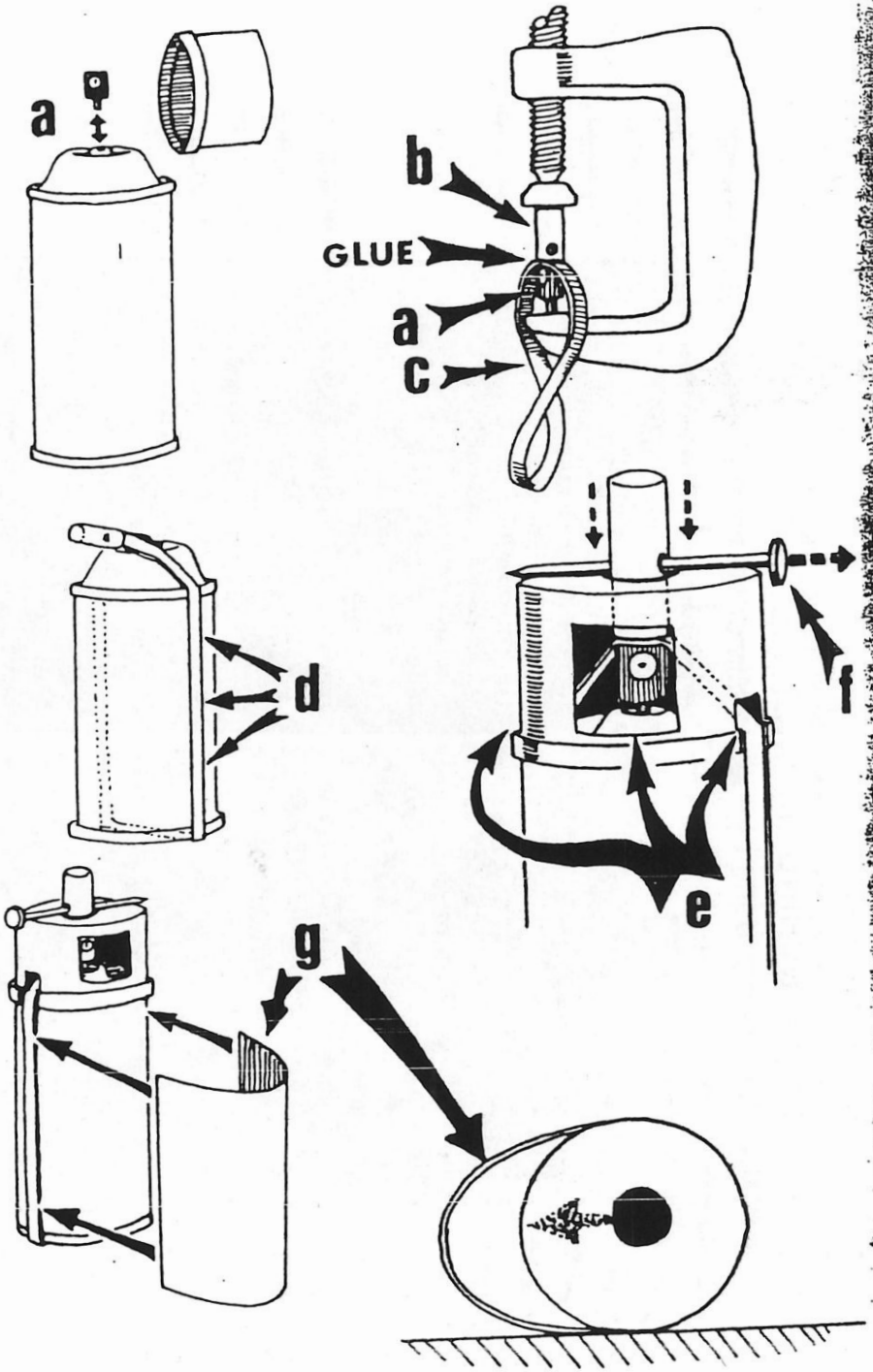
The Washington Toxics Coalition recently received Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) from the Seattle Police Department for all chemicals used in crowd control during the November WTO protests. The department reported the use of an OC gas (active ingredient is oleoresin of capsicum), Pyrotechnic CS agent (*o-chlorobenzalmalononitrile*) and Liquid Agent CN (*chlorolactetophenone*).

One disturbing find was the solvent used in the CN agent. The MSDS indicated that the agent is 50 percent active ingredient and 50 percent methylene chloride as a solvent. Methylene chloride is a possible carcinogen as reported by the National Toxicology Program and the International Agency for Research on Cancer. The National Library of Medicine's Toxnet website reports it to be an experimental carcinogen, tumorigen, teratogen (causes birth defects when it reaches egg or sperm cells of the parents, or the developing fetus) with experimental reproductive effects. The site also indicates that human mutagens were present.

In addition to these serious effects, central nervous system depression is reported. Many of the nervous system effects given on the Toxnet site are similar to those experienced by protesters. Some of the symptoms listed are lethargy, mental confusion, headache, tingling of the limbs, acoustical and optical delusions, liver and kidney damage, increased risk of spontaneous abortion, coma and death.

Another dangerous effect of methylene chloride is described in Gosselin's Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products. The compound is metabolized to carbon monoxide in humans, which could be dangerous to persons with asthma or cardiovascular problems.

~~generally should n~~ [redacted] ~~e.g., a blockade—ing may cloud the~~ [redacted] ~~action, and the blockaders could be blamed for the ecotage and be put in danger from the work crew or police. Blockades~~



After another day for the glue to set, install the spray nozzle along with the modified cap as pictured. The soft plastic cap has been modified with three simple cuts (e), one window to allow the spray out, and two smaller notches to accommodate the rubber band. The cap is not glued in place until the mechanism is tested and found to work. Before re-assembling, install a safety "pin," such as the nail (f), through a hole drilled in the wooden dowel. The pin holds the nozzle head up just enough to prevent it from spraying. This is a fine adjustment and must be made carefully. The spray nozzle must fit snugly in its hole in the can without accidentally going off.

The rubber band does not provide enough pressure (usually) to push the spray head down. Its purpose is to hold the spray head down after you push on the end of the dowel. This allows you to drop the "grenade" and leave, knowing the entire can will discharge. Test the mechanism out-of-doors for a second or two to insure its proper functioning before cementing the cap to the can. While assembling, NEVER allow the spray nozzle to point directly at you or your clothing.

Once you have a working spray you can do one of two things with it—glue the can to a flat wooden base, causing the can to stand upright while discharging, or glue on a piece of stiff cardboard as shown in (g). Note how the cardboard protrusion prevents the can from rolling to a position that discharges the spray into the ground or floor.

As a final step, carefully glue some cheap, coarse burlap to the smooth exterior surfaces of the can and cap. This burlap will not take fingerprints and allows you to handle the "grenade" without leaving any fingerprints on it.

Deliver the stink grenade to the target site in the pocket of a cheap cloth coat or jacket bought at Goodwill or another second-hand store. Casually drape the coat over your arm. Throw the garment away if should it accidentally become contaminated with the odor. A cheap woman's handbag or shopping bag will do, but only if made of cloth (to keep from leaving fingerprints—avoid leather, naugahyde, or plastic).

Drop the stink grenade to the floor just inside the door to an office or meeting room, in the fur section of a department store, or wherever appropriate. Walk away casually and leave the building immediately.

—the Sorcerer's Apprentice

Smoke Bombs

Smoke In Their Eyes!

Many times the object of an act of ecotage is to disrupt or delay an activity. A very useful tool in the monkeywrencher's bag of tricks is the smoke bomb or smoke grenade. A wide variety of these are available to the public with no legal restrictions on their purchase. These devices are safe to use and offer the imaginative monkeywrencher many options for upsetting the activities of the greedheads who damage Earth for fun and profit.

Although it's possible to make your own smoke bombs at home, this is not recommended for two reasons: 1) if you do it wrong the things won't work, and

Consensus is Not Unanimity:
Making Decisions Co-operatively

Adapted from Randy Schutt

What is consensus? Is it a co-operative, loving nonviolent process in which people share their best ideas and come up with superior decisions or a coercive, manipulative, time–wasting process in which those which are most treacherous, are most verbal, or have the most time can get their way? Or is it an idealistic fantasy where every problem always has a good simple solution that incorporates everyone's ideas (no matter how ridiculous) and satisfies everyone completely?

Consensus is not Unanimity

Many people think of consensus as simply an extended voting method in which every one must cast their votes the same way. Since unanimity of this kind only rarely occurs in groups with more than one member, groups that try to use this kind of process usually end up being either extremely frustrated or coercive. Either decisions are never made (leading to the demise of the group, its conversion into a social group that does not accomplish any tasks), they are made covertly, or some group or individual dominates the rest. Sometimes a majority dominates, sometimes a minority, sometimes an individual who employs "the Block". But no matter how it is done, it is NOT consensus.

Consensus is a process for deciding what is best for a group. The final decision is often not the first preference of each individual in the group and they may not even like the final result. But it is a decision to which they all **consent** because it is best for the group.

Consensus is a Co-operative Process

Consensus is a process for people who want to work together honestly in good faith to find good solutions for the group It cannot be used by people who do not, can not or will not co-operate. Consensus should not be attempted in a group with people who want to maintain their wealth and privilege or want to dominate or control others. In these situations, nonviolent struggle would be more appropriate.

Consensus is Not Just a Process, but a Valuable Goal

Consensus is a process that allows everyone in a group to participate and work together nonviolently to make decisions – the ultimate realisation of a true democracy and very attractive to anyone who has ever been dominated or oppressed. It gives people the power to make decisions and also demands that they take responsibility for those decisions. Rather than abdicating power to an individual or representative, it demands that that we take complete responsibility.

Consensus is One of the Best Processes

If not consensus, then what? Usually voting is proposed as a reasonably democratic alternative. But voting is not a meeting process, it is simply a procedure. The goal of a vote is to tally the (existing) preferences of a group of people, and in some logical, fair, and equitable way come up with a good decision. Kenneth Arrow received a Nobel Prize for proving it was impossible to do this except under very simple circumstances e.g. Situations when there are only two possible options. Furthermore, voting necessarily ignores the intensity of preference, each individual feels or the distribution of consequences that a decision imposes. And even under the best of circumstances , voting necessarily means that some group of people will not get what they want and if severely trampled by the majority, may leave the group or retaliate.

splashing from administering some of the treatments can be wicked!
* Best if cleaning solutions and water spill directly to ground so as to not contaminate clean skin, clothes or hair.
* Store contaminated wipes in a sealed bag.

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voting can therefore only produce satisfying decisions where everyone is extremely tolerant or there is unanimity of opinion. Unanimity can sometimes be achieved if one person or group can persuade everyone else of the validity of their perspective and solution. But it the problem has no easy, clear solution, some people are personally devoted to a particular solution, or there is competition for power in the group, the process, will quickly bog down, factionalize , and/or revert to coercion.

Good consensus process gets around these problems by allowing the members of the group to explore in depth the complete range of options and concerns in a non-adversarial, co-operative atmosphere. Discussions in small groups allows everyone, even those who are not verbally adept, to express their ideas, concerns and opinions. Members of the group get a chance to learn from each others experiences and thinking, empathise with people with other experiences and backgrounds, and gracefully change their minds as they hear these new ideas and arguments. They can challenge dumb, obsolete, or immoral assumptions and solutions, and they can explore unusual solutions (radical transformations, compromises, bargains etc) that are often overlooked when the discussion gets polarised or restrained by formal proposals. Individuals can offer to give of their time or wealth or to suffer a loss for the good of the group. And people can be persuaded, inspired, loved, or counseled out of their prejudices, biases, and other rigidities or if this fails, nonviolently prevented from acting immorally.

Of course a good process that ends in a vote can also have all these co-operative aspects. In fact, a good voting process may be indistinguishable form a good consensus process until the end. But non-consensual processes usually rely on formal proposals, debates, and other parliamentary procedures that interfere with co-operation. Knowing that there will be an up-down vote at the end often polarises the discussion. Also, if the group should develop a lynch mob or group thinking mentality , there is no avenue for an individual or minority to slow or thwart their immoral decisions.

Consensus is Not Conflict - Free or Painless

Good consensus process relies heavily on problem-solving, questioning, empathy, self-sacrifice, and nonviolent direct action. In a good process, conflict is not ignored or covered up, but encouraged. Issues and proposed solutions are thoroughly thrashed out until a good solution is found. Like any good nonviolent action, the ideas are severely challenged, but the people involved are listened to loved, and supported. When there are no easy solutions., then individuals must be willing to sacrifice for the good of the group or the group must divide or disband. When one person or a group (minority or majority refuses or is unable to work co-operatively, everyone else must boldly, yet tenderly resist and challenge them, or if necessary throw them out of the group (ideally, offering support and guidance to their next endeavor).

- indymedia centre - cop watching
- money burning ceremony
- symbolic flag raising - aboriginal
- Western Mining Co. headquarters
- plantings - non GM crops
- appropriating street signs
- Food Not Bombs
- lock-ups

A Checklist for the Consensus Process

These are just some to the many ways the conduct a meeting using the consensus process. Roles should be carried out by everyone as needed – not just specially designated.

Basic Procedure

At or before the Meeting (or at a previous meeting):

- Bring materials/supplies that will be needed
- Connect (game, song, ritual, etc.)
- Check-in/excitement-sharing
- Gather agenda items
- Determine presenter/initiator for each item
- Determine item type: announcement, report back, discussion, decision
- Agenda review: agree on agenda and time for each item
- Choose facilitator, minute taker, timekeeper, stacker vibes watcher
- Step through the agenda
- Set next meeting
- Evaluation (good, bad, better)
- Closing

The Flow of a Cooperative Decision-Making Process

- Issue raised – what is the problem?
- Clarify problem – put it in context
- Discuss, bring out a diversity of ideas, concerns, and perspectives – look at possible solutions and the problems with those solutions
- Encourage heartfelt dissent and challenge
- Note agreements and disagreements and the underlying reasons for them – discuss those reasons
- Synthesize proposed ideas/solutions or come up with totally new ideas in the supportive atmosphere of the meeting (find a "third way")
- Evaluate the different ideas until one idea seems right for the group
- Establish how the decision will be implimented
- Make sure that there are no loose ends
- Restate the decision to the minute taker (including implementation

Discussion/Problem Solving Tools

- Brainstorms
- Go round the circle ("Round Robin"
- Small group discussion (3-7 people)
- Advantage/disadvantage chart
- Visual aids
- Visible notes
- Goals/priorities setting notes
- Challenges/devil's advocate questions

Process/Empowerment Tools

- Paricipaton equalizers (pebbles, etc)
- Active listening in pairs
- Support groups/caucuses
- Feeling sharing
- Fishbowls
- Roleplays

Typical Tasks for a Facilitator

- Helps formulate the agenda
- Helps establish a hopeful, upbeat, and safe atmosphere
- Helps group work through decisions; asks for clarificaton; summarises and sorts discussion; lists threads of thought agreements and disagreements
- Helpes focus and order discussion topics
- Brings out all viewpoints
- Restates final decisions
- Encourages equal participation; draws out quiet people; asks windy speakers to be brief
- Encourages everyone to perfom leadership taskes
- Calls on speakers (role taken on by stacker)
- Stays neutral while facititating.

Typical Tasks of a Vibeswatcher

- Watches the process of the meeting
- Notices underlying feelings from tone of voice and body language, points out tension and weariness, recommends changes
- Stops bad process (domineering, guilt-tripping, interrupting, put-downs, bulldozing, defensiveness, space-outs etc)
- Helps to resolve conflicts
- Helps to work out negative emotions (fears, anger, anxiety, hopelessness)

Typical Tasks of a Stacker

- Records/updates speaking list, and informs facilitator and meeting of who is next, & length of speaking list.

Stress-Reduction Techniques

- Stretch breaks/cooperative games
- Singing
- Humor
- Affirmations
- Feeling Sharing
- Calm voice
- Eye contact
- Breathing
- Massage Circle

Conflict Resolution Tools

- Appreciations/affirmations
- Active listening
- I-messages
- Restating others viewpoint
- "Six Step" problem solving techique
- Support groups
- Venting emotions soemwhere else
- Gripe sessions
- Resentment sharing
- Fishbowls

good luck posse.

S-11 Options

banner drops (for individual companies)

sound system - spontaneous street party

couch barricade

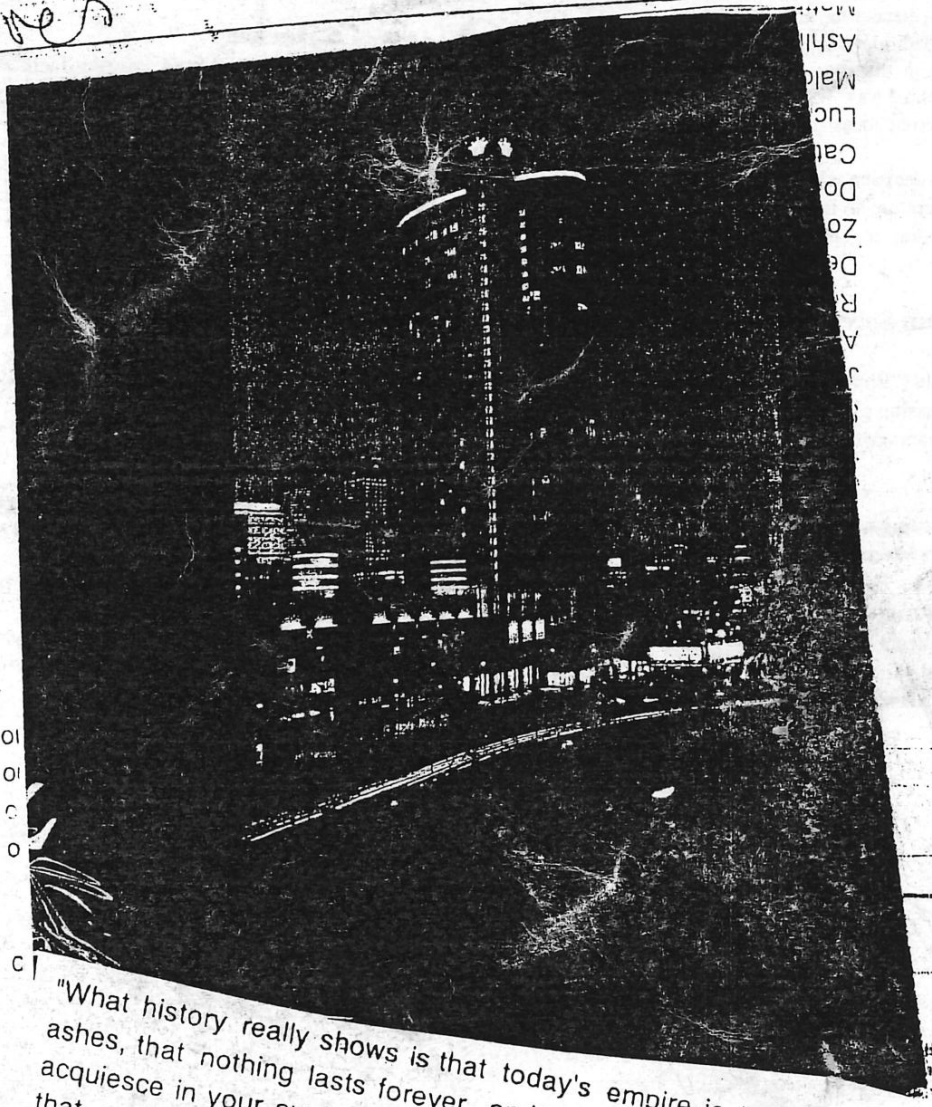
puppets

shields - decorated

street party - blood money etc.

dress in suits

tires



"What history really shows is that today's empire is tomorrow's ashes, that nothing lasts forever, and that to not resist is to acquiesce in your own oppression. The greatest form of sanity that anyone can exercise is to resist that force that is trying to repress, oppress, and fight down the human spirit."

-Mumia Abu Jamal

VISUAL AGREED UPON